## S2701: SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE

Universe: American Community Survey

2022 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables

	Alaska									
	Total		Insured		Percent Insured		Uninsured		Percent Uninsured	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Civilian noninstitutionalized population	701,511	±2,509	624,538	±5,644	89.0%	±0.8	76,973	±5,541	11.0%	±0.8
AGE										
Under 6 years	55,339	±2,029	51,194	±1,971	92.5%	±2.0	4,145	±1,160	7.5%	±2.0
6 to 18 years	127,745	±2,197	116,499	±2,790	91.2%	±1.5	11,246	±1,988	8.8%	±1.5
19 to 25 years	62,210	±2,912	50,958	±2,710	81.9%	±3.3	11,252	±2,213	18.1%	±3.3
26 to 34 years	91,504	±2,774	74,747	±3,042	81.7%	±2.0	16,757	±1,903	18.3%	±2.0
35 to 44 years	99,096	±2,539	85,712	±2,723	86.5%	±2.2	13,384	±2,327	13.5%	±2.2
45 to 54 years	79,374	±2,119	69,828	±2,454	88.0%	±1.7	9,546	±1,349	12.0%	±1.7
55 to 64 years	86,258	±1,445	76,995	±1,853	89.3%	±1.7	9,263	±1,461	10.7%	±1.7
65 to 74 years	68,173	±1,486	66,987	±1,480	98.3%	±0.6	1,186	±445	1.7%	±0.6
75 years and older	31,812	±1,059	31,618	±1,043	99.4%	±0.6	194	±179	0.6%	±0.6
Under 19 years	183,084	±1,615	167,693	±2,749	91.6%	±1.3	15,391	±2,352	8.4%	±1.3
19 to 64 years	418,442	±3,377	358,240	±4,774	85.6%	±1.0	60,202	±4,505	14.4%	±1.0
65 years and older	99,985	±1,330	98,605	±1,380	98.6%	±0.5	1,380	±466	1.4%	±0.5
SEX										
Male	358,794	±3,352	316,047	±4,272	88.1%	±0.9	42,747	±3,302	11.9%	±0.9
Female	342,717	±2,592	308,491	±4,127	90.0%	±1.1	34,226	±3,663	10.0%	±1.1
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN										
White alone	417,633	±3,613	384,862	±4,286	92.2%	$\pm 0.8$	32,771	±3,437	7.8%	±0.8
Black or African American alone	18,829	±3,555	16,147	±3,465	85.8%	$\pm 8.5$	2,682	±1,658	14.2%	$\pm 8.5$
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	93,146	±4,125	71,671	±3,704	76.9%	±2.5	21,475	±2,610	23.1%	±2.5
Asian alone	45,342	$\pm 2,906$	39,841	±2,823	87.9%	±3.1	5,501	±1,445	12.1%	±3.1
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	14,101	$\pm 1,978$	12,956	±1,971	91.9%	$\pm 4.8$	1,145	±674	8.1%	$\pm 4.8$
Some other race alone	12,675	±2,676	11,510	±2,557	90.8%	±3.7	1,165	±490	9.2%	±3.7
Two or more races	99,785	±7,225	87,551	±6,990	87.7%	±2.1	12,234	±2,159	12.3%	±2.1
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	51,998	$\pm 1,091$	45,645	±1,942	87.8%	±3.7	6,353	±1,964	12.2%	±3.7
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	402,869	±3,009	372,053	±4,112	92.4%	$\pm 0.8$	30,816	±3,277	7.6%	±0.8
LIVING ARRANGEMENTS										
In family households	566,935	±6,294	508,084	±7,589	89.6%	$\pm 0.8$	58,851	±4,734	10.4%	±0.8
In married couple families	410,276	±10,237	375,866	$\pm 10,666$	91.6%	±1.0	34,410	±4,061	8.4%	±1.0
In other families	156,659	±9,914	132,218	±9,210	84.4%	±2.0	24,441	±3,365	15.6%	±2.0
Male reference person, no spouse present	59,335	±6,931	48,127	±6,121	81.1%	±3.9	11,208	±2,624	18.9%	±3.9
Female reference person, no spouse present	97,324	$\pm 8,548$	84,091	±8,442	86.4%	±2.4	13,233	±2,216	13.6%	±2.4
In non-family households and other living arrangements	134,576	$\pm 5,604$	116,454	±5,567	86.5%	±1.5	18,122	±2,097	13.5%	±1.5

NATIVITY AND U.S. CITIZENSHIP STATUS										
Native born	648,332	±4,535	580,031	±6,663	89.5%	$\pm 0.8$	68,301	$\pm 4,898$	10.5%	±0.8
Foreign born	53,179	±4,542	44,507	±3,839	83.7%	±3.5	8,672	±2,150	16.3%	±3.5
Naturalized	33,065	±3,156	28,797	±2,697	87.1%	±3.7	4,268	$\pm 1,384$	12.9%	±3.7
Not a citizen	20,114	±2,929	15,710	$\pm 2,490$	78.1%	±6.2	4,404	±1,452	21.9%	±6.2
DISABILITY STATUS										
With a disability	92,855	±4,699	86,101	±4,829	92.7%	±1.6	6,754	$\pm 1,485$	7.3%	±1.6
No disability	608,656	$\pm 5,085$	538,437	±7,211	88.5%	$\pm 0.8$	70,219	±4,992	11.5%	±0.8
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 26 years and over	456,217	$\pm 2,802$	405,887	±4,263	89.0%	$\pm 0.8$	50,330	±3,926	11.0%	±0.8
Less than high school graduate	31,487	$\pm 3,300$	25,544	$\pm 2,891$	81.1%	±3.5	5,943	±1,267	18.9%	±3.5
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	132,210	$\pm 5,802$	110,092	$\pm 5,648$	83.3%	±2.0	22,118	±2,749	16.7%	±2.0
Some college or associate's degree	152,256	±5,429	136,301	±5,441	89.5%	±1.5	15,955	±2,255	10.5%	±1.5
Bachelor's degree or higher	140,264	±6,065	133,950	±6,067	95.5%	±1.0	6,314	±1,462	4.5%	±1.0
EMPLOYMENT STATUS										
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 19 to 64 years	418,442	±3,377	358,240	±4,774	85.6%	±1.0	60,202	±4,505	14.4%	±1.0
In labor force	331,588	±5,197	286,854	$\pm 5,846$	86.5%	±1.1	44,734	±3,846	13.5%	±1.1
Employed	317,432	$\pm 5,450$	275,913	±5,813	86.9%	±1.1	41,519	±3,708	13.1%	±1.1
Unemployed	14,156	±1,913	10,941	±1,679	77.3%	±6.7	3,215	$\pm 1,078$	22.7%	±6.7
Not in labor force	86,854	±4,693	71,386	±4,384	82.2%	±2.0	15,468	±1,828	17.8%	±2.0
WORK EXPERIENCE										
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 19 to 64 years	418,442	±3,377	358,240	±4,774	85.6%	±1.0	60,202	±4,505	14.4%	±1.0
Worked full-time, year round in the past 12 months	221,191	±4,838	194,898	±5,014	88.1%	±1.3	26,293	±3,039	11.9%	±1.3
Worked less than full-time, year round in the past 12 months	123,452	±4,378	101,179	±4,504	82.0%	$\pm 1.8$	22,273	±2,259	18.0%	$\pm 1.8$
Did not work	73,799	±3,947	62,163	±3,925	84.2%	±2.0	11,636	±1,423	15.8%	±2.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME (IN 2021 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)										
Total household population	684,466	±2,509	611,499	±5,529	89.3%	±0.8	72,967	±5,392	10.7%	±0.8
Under \$25,000	57,415	±6,619	49,219	$\pm 5,630$	85.7%	±3.0	8,196	±2,110	14.3%	±3.0
\$25,000 to \$49,999	81,930	±6,334	73,144	±6,247	89.3%	$\pm 1.8$	8,786	±1,447	10.7%	$\pm 1.8$
\$50,000 to \$74,999	95,085	±6,821	82,134	±6,097	86.4%	±2.4	12,951	±2,535	13.6%	±2.4
\$75,000 to \$99,999	87,519	±7,724	77,859	±7,154	89.0%	±2.3	9,660	±2,169	11.0%	±2.3
\$100,000 and over	362,517	±10,043	329,143	$\pm 10,181$	90.8%	±1.2	33,374	±4,387	9.2%	±1.2
RATIO OF INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS										
Civilian noninstitutionalized population for whom poverty status is determined	696,535	±2,821	619,932	$\pm 5,888$	89.0%	±0.8	76,603	±5,472	11.0%	±0.8
Below 138 percent of the poverty threshold	111,079	±7,552	97,331	±6,851	87.6%	±1.9	13,748	±2,360	12.4%	±1.9
138 to 399 percent of the poverty threshold	262,302	±10,907	225,924	±9,799	86.1%	±1.4	36,378	±4,036	13.9%	±1.4
At or above 400 percent of the poverty threshold	323,154	±9,447	296,677	±9,433	91.8%	±1.2	26,477	±3,895	8.2%	±1.2
Below 100 percent of the poverty threshold	78,054	±6,289	68,123	±5,764	87.3%	±2.5	9,931	±2,104	12.7%	±2.5

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, the decennial census is the official source of population totals for April 1st of each decennial year. In between censuses, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Information about the American Community Survey (ACS) can be found on the ACS website. Supporting documentation including code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing, and a full list of ACS tables and table shells (without estimates) can be found on the Technical Documentation section of the ACS website. Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added as of 2009 -- please see https://www.census.gov/library/working-papers/2010/demo/coverage\_edits\_final.html for more details. Select geographies of 2008 data comparable to the 2009 and later tables are available at https://www.census.gov/data/tables/time-series/acs/1-year-re-run-health-insurance.html. The health insurance coverage category names were modified in 2010. See https://www.census.gov/topics/health/health-insurance/about/glossary.html#par\_textimage\_18 for a list of the insurance type definitions.

Beginning in 2017, selected variable categories were updated, including age-categories, income-to-poverty ratio (IPR) categories, and the age universe for certain employment and education variables. See user note entitled "Health Insurance Table Updates" for further details.

The 2022 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the March 2020 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on 2020 Census data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of median estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

\*\* The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

\*\*\* The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

\*\*\*\*\* A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.