

**B07001: GEOGRAPHICAL MOBILITY IN THE PAST YEAR BY AGE FOR CURRENT RESIDENCE**

Universe: Population 1 year and over

2023 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Detailed Tables

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	725,129	±1,500
1 to 4 years	36,934	±2,135
5 to 17 years	129,155	±1,164
18 and 19 years	15,414	±2,721
20 to 24 years	49,734	±4,230
25 to 29 years	55,327	±2,130
30 to 34 years	56,523	±1,791
35 to 39 years	57,892	±3,382
40 to 44 years	52,239	±3,620
45 to 49 years	41,875	±2,007
50 to 54 years	40,307	±1,726
55 to 59 years	39,971	±2,513
60 to 64 years	46,760	±2,879
65 to 69 years	36,699	±1,937
70 to 74 years	29,939	±1,923
75 years and over	36,360	±1,269
Same house 1 year ago:	621,389	±8,265
1 to 4 years	32,388	±2,443
5 to 17 years	111,615	±4,149
18 and 19 years	12,490	±3,112
20 to 24 years	33,383	±3,628
25 to 29 years	39,286	±2,794
30 to 34 years	46,462	±2,461
35 to 39 years	48,250	±3,539
40 to 44 years	46,129	±3,486
45 to 49 years	35,720	±2,122
50 to 54 years	36,749	±1,567
55 to 59 years	37,303	±2,409
60 to 64 years	43,487	±2,627
65 to 69 years	34,873	±2,046
70 to 74 years	28,728	±1,875
75 years and over	34,526	±1,316
Moved within same county:	55,610	±6,029
1 to 4 years	2,794	±992
5 to 17 years	9,461	±2,753
18 and 19 years	1,709	±702
20 to 24 years	7,834	±2,189
25 to 29 years	8,662	±2,046
30 to 34 years	6,639	±1,787
35 to 39 years	4,670	±1,397
40 to 44 years	3,451	±1,165
45 to 49 years	3,113	±1,152
50 to 54 years	1,648	±589
55 to 59 years	1,192	±623
60 to 64 years	1,657	±497
65 to 69 years	1,203	±535
70 to 74 years	465	±223
75 years and over	1,112	±383
Moved from different county within same state:	12,403	±2,214
1 to 4 years	676	±296
5 to 17 years	1,711	±719
18 and 19 years	313	±182
20 to 24 years	1,366	±793
25 to 29 years	1,554	±766
30 to 34 years	702	±386

35 to 39 years	1,100	±415
40 to 44 years	955	±633
45 to 49 years	697	±491
50 to 54 years	602	±305
55 to 59 years	667	±422
60 to 64 years	630	±274
65 to 69 years	328	±241
70 to 74 years	576	±608
75 years and over	526	±299
Moved from different state:	30,676	±4,209
1 to 4 years	1,075	±541
5 to 17 years	4,957	±2,096
18 and 19 years	803	±463
20 to 24 years	6,330	±1,635
25 to 29 years	5,378	±1,511
30 to 34 years	2,549	±1,104
35 to 39 years	3,299	±975
40 to 44 years	1,325	±695
45 to 49 years	1,478	±722
50 to 54 years	1,218	±533
55 to 59 years	754	±275
60 to 64 years	875	±338
65 to 69 years	295	±189
70 to 74 years	170	±140
75 years and over	170	±207
Moved from abroad:	5,051	±2,401
1 to 4 years	1	±5
5 to 17 years	1,411	±1,309
18 and 19 years	99	±142
20 to 24 years	821	±656
25 to 29 years	447	±391
30 to 34 years	171	±227
35 to 39 years	573	±432
40 to 44 years	379	±429
45 to 49 years	867	±959
50 to 54 years	90	±159
55 to 59 years	55	±89
60 to 64 years	111	±146
65 to 69 years	0	±170
70 to 74 years	0	±170
75 years and over	26	±42

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, the decennial census is the official source of population totals for April 1st of each decennial year. In between censuses, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units and the group quarters population for states and counties.

This table provides geographical mobility for persons relative to their residence at the time they were surveyed. The characteristics crossed by geographical mobility reflect the current survey year.

Information about the American Community Survey (ACS) can be found on the ACS website. Supporting documentation including code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing, and a full list of ACS tables and table shells (without estimates) can be found on the Technical Documentation section of the ACS website.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2023 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

ACS data generally reflect the geographic boundaries of legal and statistical areas as of January 1 of the estimate year. For more information, see [Geography Boundaries by Year](#).

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Users must consider potential differences in geographic boundaries, questionnaire content or coding, or other methodological issues when comparing ACS data from different years. Statistically significant differences shown in ACS Comparison Profiles, or in data users' own analysis, may be the result of these differences and thus might not necessarily reflect changes to the social, economic, housing, or demographic characteristics being compared. For more information, see [Comparing ACS Data](#).

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on 2020 Census data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

\*\* The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

\*\*\* The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

\*\*\*\*\* A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.