

B24032: SEX BY INDUSTRY AND MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2023 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS) FOR THE CIVILIAN EMPLOYED POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER

Universe: Civilian employed population 16 years and over with earnings

2023 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Detailed Tables

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Male:	60,264	±2,834
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining:	105,526	±13,436
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	30,665	±10,140
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	129,036	±12,065
Construction	59,250	±6,103
Manufacturing	51,883	±10,844
Wholesale trade	58,215	±5,053
Retail trade	36,808	±1,820
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities:	70,829	±4,337
Transportation and warehousing	67,568	±7,377
Utilities	78,843	±23,283
Information	55,531	±18,246
Finance and insurance, and real estate, and rental and leasing:	62,401	±24,491
Finance and insurance	83,971	±57,855
Real estate and rental and leasing	39,966	±20,103
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative, and waste management services:	68,244	±15,813
Professional, scientific, and technical services	97,352	±25,286
Management of companies and enterprises	168,152	±56,839
Administrative and support and waste management services	41,099	±8,990
Educational services, and health care and social assistance:	60,225	±7,746
Educational services	65,649	±7,361
Health care and social assistance	55,962	±8,875
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services:	31,129	±6,317
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	45,987	±5,633
Accommodation and food services	28,742	±5,125
Other services, except public administration	63,355	±25,615
Public administration	70,858	±7,006
Female:	45,228	±1,625
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining:	36,383	±41,646
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	22,134	±6,268
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	156,239	±51,705
Construction	73,948	±14,647
Manufacturing	42,683	±5,634
Wholesale trade	38,955	±2,136
Retail trade	29,719	±3,548
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities:	45,575	±9,272
Transportation and warehousing	45,556	±9,404
Utilities	65,132	±85,848
Information	71,685	±50,945
Finance and insurance, and real estate, and rental and leasing:	59,795	±9,859
Finance and insurance	60,040	±13,091
Real estate and rental and leasing	59,477	±32,648
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative, and waste management services:	49,770	±8,021
Professional, scientific, and technical services	58,261	±9,623
Management of companies and enterprises	-	**
Administrative and support and waste management services	38,376	±11,437
Educational services, and health care and social assistance:	51,353	±3,259
Educational services	46,809	±6,949
Health care and social assistance	52,848	±4,568
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services:	22,708	±3,431
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	20,579	±29,283
Accommodation and food services	23,021	±2,979
Other services, except public administration	42,615	±10,735
Public administration	60,162	±8,464

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, the decennial census is the official source of population totals for April 1st of each decennial year. In between censuses, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units and the group quarters population for states and counties.

Information about the American Community Survey (ACS) can be found on the ACS website. Supporting documentation including code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing, and a full list of ACS tables and table shells (without estimates) can be found on the Technical Documentation section of the ACS website.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2023 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

ACS data generally reflect the geographic boundaries of legal and statistical areas as of January 1 of the estimate year. For more information, see [Geography Boundaries by Year](#).

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Users must consider potential differences in geographic boundaries, questionnaire content or coding, or other methodological issues when comparing ACS data from different years. Statistically significant differences shown in ACS Comparison Profiles, or in data users' own analysis, may be the result of these differences and thus might not necessarily reflect changes to the social, economic, housing, or demographic characteristics being compared. For more information, see [Comparing ACS Data](#).

Industry titles and their 4-digit codes are based on the 2022 North American Industry Classification System. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on 2020 Census data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-").

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

** The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

*** The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

***** A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.