

S1501: EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Universe: None

2023 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables

	Alaska											
	Total Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent Estimate	Margin of Error	Male Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent Male Estimate	Margin of Error	Female Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent Female Estimate	Margin of Error
AGE BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT												
Population 18 to 24 years	65,148	±2,900	(X)	(X)	37,629	±2,789	(X)	(X)	27,519	±1,849	(X)	(X)
Less than high school graduate	8,523	±1,827	13.1%	±2.7	5,788	±1,591	15.4%	±3.9	2,735	±807	9.9%	±2.9
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	33,859	±3,018	52.0%	±4.4	20,171	±1,948	53.6%	±5.0	13,688	±2,152	49.7%	±6.6
Some college or associate's degree	19,964	±2,859	30.6%	±3.9	10,655	±2,006	28.3%	±4.3	9,309	±1,605	33.8%	±5.6
Bachelor's degree or higher	2,802	±832	4.3%	±1.3	1,015	±550	2.7%	±1.4	1,787	±662	6.5%	±2.4
Population 25 years and over	493,892	±2,853	(X)	(X)	256,519	±2,723	(X)	(X)	237,373	±1,822	(X)	(X)
Less than 9th grade	11,376	±1,645	2.3%	±0.3	6,344	±1,234	2.5%	±0.5	5,032	±966	2.1%	±0.4
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	22,085	±2,107	4.5%	±0.4	12,536	±1,540	4.9%	±0.6	9,549	±1,497	4.0%	±0.6
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	143,607	±5,420	29.1%	±1.1	84,441	±4,025	32.9%	±1.5	59,166	±3,414	24.9%	±1.4
Some college, no degree	115,592	±5,154	23.4%	±1.1	58,795	±3,820	22.9%	±1.5	56,797	±2,811	23.9%	±1.2
Associate's degree	42,025	±3,040	8.5%	±0.6	20,963	±2,503	8.2%	±1.0	21,062	±1,982	8.9%	±0.8
Bachelor's degree	99,091	±5,225	20.1%	±1.1	47,157	±4,363	18.4%	±1.7	51,934	±3,381	21.9%	±1.4
Graduate or professional degree	60,116	±4,371	12.2%	±0.9	26,283	±2,713	10.2%	±1.0	33,833	±3,026	14.3%	±1.3
High school graduate or higher	460,431	±3,520	93.2%	±0.5	237,639	±3,076	92.6%	±0.7	222,792	±2,243	93.9%	±0.7
Bachelor's degree or higher	159,207	±6,592	32.2%	±1.3	73,440	±4,781	28.6%	±1.8	85,767	±3,915	36.1%	±1.6
Population 25 to 34 years	111,850	±2,756	(X)	(X)	58,662	±2,313	(X)	(X)	53,188	±1,842	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	103,350	±2,791	92.4%	±1.3	53,626	±2,290	91.4%	±1.8	49,724	±1,786	93.5%	±1.8
Bachelor's degree or higher	31,042	±2,835	27.8%	±2.5	12,001	±1,923	20.5%	±3.3	19,041	±2,070	35.8%	±3.6
Population 35 to 44 years	110,131	±2,399	(X)	(X)	58,247	±1,882	(X)	(X)	51,884	±1,667	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	104,675	±2,195	95.0%	±1.2	55,574	±1,999	95.4%	±1.5	49,101	±1,630	94.6%	±1.8
Bachelor's degree or higher	41,692	±3,378	37.9%	±3.0	20,334	±2,512	34.9%	±4.0	21,358	±1,666	41.2%	±3.5
Population 45 to 64 years	168,913	±2,662	(X)	(X)	88,877	±2,080	(X)	(X)	80,036	±2,023	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	158,248	±2,727	93.7%	±0.9	81,969	±2,116	92.2%	±1.4	76,279	±2,192	95.3%	±1.0
Bachelor's degree or higher	54,119	±3,288	32.0%	±2.0	25,864	±2,442	29.1%	±2.7	28,255	±2,200	35.3%	±2.5
Population 65 years and over	102,998	±1,380	(X)	(X)	50,733	±782	(X)	(X)	52,265	±950	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	94,158	±1,703	91.4%	±1.3	46,470	±1,044	91.6%	±1.9	47,688	±1,277	91.2%	±1.6
Bachelor's degree or higher	32,354	±2,498	31.4%	±2.4	15,241	±1,574	30.0%	±3.1	17,113	±1,679	32.7%	±3.1
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT												
White alone	319,030	±2,572	(X)	(X)	170,604	±1,855	(X)	(X)	148,426	±1,730	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	306,815	±3,006	96.2%	±0.5	163,465	±2,317	95.8%	±0.8	143,350	±1,736	96.6%	±0.7
Bachelor's degree or higher	122,786	±5,633	38.5%	±1.7	58,414	±4,144	34.2%	±2.4	64,372	±2,900	43.4%	±2.0
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	311,721	±2,048	(X)	(X)	167,080	±1,389	(X)	(X)	144,641	±1,112	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	299,904	±2,548	96.2%	±0.5	160,088	±1,858	95.8%	±0.8	139,816	±1,356	96.7%	±0.7
Bachelor's degree or higher	120,413	±5,679	38.6%	±1.8	57,494	±4,189	34.4%	±2.5	62,919	±2,935	43.5%	±2.1
Black alone	15,687	±1,277	(X)	(X)	10,028	±1,272	(X)	(X)	5,659	±884	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	14,797	±1,201	94.3%	±2.2	9,367	±1,299	93.4%	±3.2	5,430	±836	96.0%	±3.7
Bachelor's degree or higher	4,649	±1,345	29.6%	±8.0	2,822	±1,071	28.1%	±9.9	1,827	±796	32.3%	±11.6
American Indian or Alaska Native alone	58,466	±2,469	(X)	(X)	27,384	±1,361	(X)	(X)	31,082	±1,850	(X)	(X)

High school graduate or higher	49,458	±2,591	84.6%	±1.8	22,394	±1,429	81.8%	±2.1	27,064	±1,915	87.1%	±2.6
Bachelor's degree or higher	4,454	±893	7.6%	±1.5	1,201	±430	4.4%	±1.6	3,253	±761	10.5%	±2.4
Asian alone	31,589	±1,706	(X)	(X)	14,246	±1,365	(X)	(X)	17,343	±1,277	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	27,468	±1,986	87.0%	±3.7	12,147	±1,464	85.3%	±5.6	15,321	±1,385	88.3%	±3.7
Bachelor's degree or higher	9,702	±1,739	30.7%	±4.9	3,668	±1,146	25.7%	±7.3	6,034	±1,109	34.8%	±5.8
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	5,297	±1,178	(X)	(X)	2,461	±865	(X)	(X)	2,836	±843	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	5,065	±1,170	95.6%	±4.6	2,340	±869	95.1%	±6.3	2,725	±830	96.1%	±6.7
Bachelor's degree or higher	1,007	±976	19.0%	±17.8	263	±73	10.7%	±4.3	744	±971	26.2%	±32.3
Some other race alone	14,055	±2,050	(X)	(X)	6,340	±1,290	(X)	(X)	7,715	±1,328	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	11,146	±1,906	79.3%	±5.6	4,964	±1,203	78.3%	±9.8	6,182	±1,201	80.1%	±4.5
Bachelor's degree or higher	2,986	±930	21.2%	±5.9	1,293	±691	20.4%	±9.6	1,693	±554	21.9%	±6.4
Two or more races	49,768	±3,489	(X)	(X)	25,456	±2,246	(X)	(X)	24,312	±2,413	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	45,682	±3,299	91.8%	±2.2	22,962	±2,060	90.2%	±3.2	22,720	±2,247	93.5%	±3.0
Bachelor's degree or higher	13,623	±1,956	27.4%	±3.4	5,779	±1,376	22.7%	±4.8	7,844	±1,311	32.3%	±4.6
Hispanic or Latino Origin	31,366	±1,462	(X)	(X)	15,573	±1,314	(X)	(X)	15,793	±1,368	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	26,413	±1,558	84.2%	±3.2	13,409	±1,256	86.1%	±4.9	13,004	±1,292	82.3%	±4.5
Bachelor's degree or higher	8,012	±1,409	25.5%	±4.4	3,730	±1,184	24.0%	±7.1	4,282	±897	27.1%	±5.4

POVERTY RATE FOR THE POPULATION 25 YEARS AND OVER FOR WHOM POVERTY STATUS IS DETERMINED BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT LEVEL

Less than high school graduate	(X)	(X)	22.1%	±4.0	(X)	(X)	22.1%	±4.4	(X)	(X)	22.0%	±5.8
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	(X)	(X)	14.4%	±1.7	(X)	(X)	14.0%	±2.3	(X)	(X)	15.0%	±2.5
Some college or associate's degree	(X)	(X)	8.6%	±1.1	(X)	(X)	8.2%	±1.7	(X)	(X)	9.1%	±1.5
Bachelor's degree or higher	(X)	(X)	3.7%	±0.9	(X)	(X)	4.0%	±1.6	(X)	(X)	3.5%	±0.9

MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2023 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)

Population 25 years and over with earnings	53,103	±2,602	(X)	(X)	61,484	±1,298	(X)	(X)	46,607	±1,671	(X)	(X)
Less than high school graduate	35,109	±5,266	(X)	(X)	41,473	±6,173	(X)	(X)	25,742	±3,879	(X)	(X)
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	43,086	±2,847	(X)	(X)	49,281	±2,267	(X)	(X)	36,658	±4,954	(X)	(X)
Some college or associate's degree	49,114	±3,053	(X)	(X)	56,989	±8,045	(X)	(X)	42,699	±2,714	(X)	(X)
Bachelor's degree	67,221	±4,118	(X)	(X)	81,125	±5,749	(X)	(X)	52,396	±3,772	(X)	(X)
Graduate or professional degree	86,402	±5,683	(X)	(X)	108,827	±13,751	(X)	(X)	75,601	±4,388	(X)	(X)

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, the decennial census is the official source of population totals for April 1st of each decennial year. In between censuses, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units and the group quarters population for states and counties.

Information about the American Community Survey (ACS) can be found on the ACS website. Supporting documentation including code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing, and a full list of ACS tables and table shells (without estimates) can be found on the Technical Documentation section of the ACS website.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2023 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

ACS data generally reflect the geographic boundaries of legal and statistical areas as of January 1 of the estimate year. For more information, see Geography Boundaries by Year.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Users must consider potential differences in geographic boundaries, questionnaire content or coding, or other methodological issues when comparing ACS data from different years. Statistically significant differences shown in ACS Comparison Profiles, or in data users' own analysis, may be the result of these differences and thus might not necessarily reflect changes to the social, economic, housing, or demographic characteristics being compared. For more information, see [Comparing ACS Data](#).

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on 2020 Census data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

** The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

*** The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

***** A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.