

S2201: FOOD STAMPS/SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP)

Universe: None

2024 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables

	Alaska											
	Total		Percent		Households receiving food stamps/SNAP		Percent households receiving food stamps/SNAP		Households not receiving food stamps/SNAP		Percent households not receiving food stamps/SNAP	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Households	274,045	±3,774	(X)	(X)	28,394	±2,560	10.4%	±0.9	245,651	±4,195	89.6%	±0.9
With one or more people in the household 60 years and over	105,193	±3,055	38.4%	±1.0	11,886	±1,607	41.9%	±4.7	93,307	±2,794	38.0%	±1.1
No people in the household 60 years and over	168,852	±3,901	61.6%	±1.0	16,508	±2,110	58.1%	±4.7	152,344	±3,992	62.0%	±1.1
HOUSEHOLD TYPE												
Married-couple family	135,772	±4,626	49.5%	±1.6	6,068	±1,085	21.4%	±3.8	129,704	±4,544	52.8%	±1.8
Other family:	41,022	±2,929	15.0%	±1.1	10,921	±1,725	38.5%	±4.6	30,101	±2,720	12.3%	±1.1
Male householder, no spouse present	14,930	±2,018	5.4%	±0.7	3,743	±942	13.2%	±3.0	11,187	±1,870	4.6%	±0.8
Female householder, no spouse present	26,092	±2,233	9.5%	±0.8	7,178	±1,305	25.3%	±3.8	18,914	±2,140	7.7%	±0.9
Nonfamily households	97,251	±4,954	35.5%	±1.6	11,405	±1,871	40.2%	±5.3	85,846	±4,689	34.9%	±1.7
With children under 18 years	86,555	±4,054	31.6%	±1.4	13,040	±1,839	45.9%	±5.2	73,515	±3,541	29.9%	±1.4
Married-couple family	57,477	±2,892	21.0%	±1.1	4,463	±903	15.7%	±3.2	53,014	±2,859	21.6%	±1.2
Other family:	27,425	±2,840	10.0%	±1.0	8,376	±1,537	29.5%	±4.4	19,049	±2,445	7.8%	±1.0
Male householder, no spouse present	9,723	±1,754	3.5%	±0.6	3,011	±856	10.6%	±2.8	6,712	±1,559	2.7%	±0.6
Female householder, no spouse present	17,702	±2,128	6.5%	±0.8	5,365	±1,227	18.9%	±3.8	12,337	±1,907	5.0%	±0.8
Nonfamily households	1,653	±871	0.6%	±0.3	201	±154	0.7%	±0.5	1,452	±834	0.6%	±0.3
No children under 18 years	187,490	±4,756	68.4%	±1.4	15,354	±2,042	54.1%	±5.2	172,136	±4,788	70.1%	±1.4
Married-couple family	78,295	±4,131	28.6%	±1.5	1,605	±539	5.7%	±1.9	76,690	±4,134	31.2%	±1.6
Other family:	13,597	±2,002	5.0%	±0.8	2,545	±692	9.0%	±2.3	11,052	±1,974	4.5%	±0.8
Male householder, no spouse present	5,207	±1,006	1.9%	±0.4	732	±286	2.6%	±1.0	4,475	±1,011	1.8%	±0.4
Female householder, no spouse present	8,390	±1,606	3.1%	±0.6	1,813	±610	6.4%	±2.1	6,577	±1,526	2.7%	±0.6
Nonfamily households	95,598	±4,911	34.9%	±1.6	11,204	±1,849	39.5%	±5.3	84,394	±4,577	34.4%	±1.6
POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS												
Below poverty level	23,781	±2,259	8.7%	±0.8	10,449	±1,478	36.8%	±4.6	13,332	±1,680	5.4%	±0.7
At or above poverty level	250,264	±4,075	91.3%	±0.8	17,945	±2,208	63.2%	±4.6	232,319	±4,545	94.6%	±0.7
DISABILITY STATUS												
With one or more people with a disability	77,105	±4,008	28.1%	±1.4	14,125	±1,676	49.7%	±4.9	62,980	±3,634	25.6%	±1.4
With no persons with a disability	196,940	±4,619	71.9%	±1.4	14,269	±2,082	50.3%	±4.9	182,671	±4,882	74.4%	±1.4
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER												
White alone	184,780	±3,647	67.4%	±1.1	9,572	±1,594	33.7%	±4.7	175,208	±3,898	71.3%	±1.1
Black or African American alone	7,615	±1,584	2.8%	±0.6	1,632	±978	5.7%	±3.4	5,983	±1,403	2.4%	±0.6
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	31,807	±1,908	11.6%	±0.6	10,343	±1,178	36.4%	±3.7	21,464	±1,637	8.7%	±0.6
Asian alone	12,611	±1,504	4.6%	±0.5	1,591	±849	5.6%	±2.8	11,020	±1,469	4.5%	±0.6
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	3,295	±641	1.2%	±0.2	1,094	±662	3.9%	±2.3	2,201	±908	0.9%	±0.4
Some other race alone	5,385	±1,319	2.0%	±0.5	437	±374	1.5%	±1.3	4,948	±1,285	2.0%	±0.5
Two or more races	28,552	±2,312	10.4%	±0.9	3,725	±952	13.1%	±3.2	24,827	±2,303	10.1%	±0.9
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	16,508	±1,654	6.0%	±0.6	1,873	±767	6.6%	±2.5	14,635	±1,473	6.0%	±0.6
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	180,390	±3,646	65.8%	±1.1	9,329	±1,540	32.9%	±4.7	171,061	±3,890	69.6%	±1.1

HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2024 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)

Median income (dollars)	95,665	±3,278	(X)	(X)	38,310	±8,624	(X)	(X)	101,535	±1,840	(X)	(X)
WORK STATUS												
Families	176,794	±4,478	(X)	(X)	16,989	±2,076	(X)	(X)	159,805	±4,284	(X)	(X)
No workers in past 12 months	23,243	±1,828	13.1%	±1.0	2,916	±757	17.2%	±3.8	20,327	±1,767	12.7%	±1.1
1 worker in past 12 months	55,388	±3,627	31.3%	±1.7	7,850	±1,314	46.2%	±5.3	47,538	±3,464	29.7%	±1.8
2 or more workers in past 12 months	98,163	±3,281	55.5%	±1.6	6,223	±1,190	36.6%	±5.7	91,940	±3,206	57.5%	±1.6

Source :

U.S. Census Bureau, 2024 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates

Dataset Universe :

The dataset universe of the American Community Survey (ACS) is the U.S. resident population and housing. For more information about ACS residence rules, see the ACS Design and Methodology Report. Note that each table describes the specific universe of interest for that set of estimates.

Unit(s) of Observation :

American Community Survey (ACS) data are collected from individuals living in housing units and group quarters, and about housing units whether occupied or vacant. For more information about ACS sampling and data collection, see the ACS Design and Methodology Report.

Geography Coverage :

ACS data generally reflect the geographic boundaries of legal and statistical areas as of January 1 of the estimate year. For more information, see Geography Boundaries by Year.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on 2020 Census data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Sampling :

The ACS consists of two separate samples: housing unit addresses and group quarters facilities. Independent housing unit address samples are selected for each county or county-equivalent in the U.S. and Puerto Rico, with sampling rates depending on a measure of size for the area. For more information on sampling in the ACS, see the Accuracy of the Data document.

Confidentiality :

The Census Bureau has modified or suppressed some estimates in ACS data products to protect respondents' confidentiality. Title 13 United States Code, Section 9, prohibits the Census Bureau from publishing results in which an individual's data can be identified. For more information on confidentiality protection in the ACS, see the Accuracy of the Data document.

Technical Documentation/Methodology:

Information about the American Community Survey (ACS) can be found on the ACS website. Supporting documentation including code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing, and a full list of ACS tables and table shells (without estimates) can be found on the Technical Documentation section of the ACS website.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Users must consider potential differences in geographic boundaries, questionnaire content or coding, or other methodological issues when comparing ACS data from different years. Statistically significant differences shown in ACS Comparison Profiles, or in data users' own analysis, may be the result of these differences and thus might not necessarily reflect changes to the social, economic, housing, or demographic characteristics being compared. For more information, see Comparing ACS Data.

Weights :

ACS estimates are obtained from a raking ratio estimation procedure that results in the assignment of two sets of weights: a weight to each sample person record and a weight to each sample housing unit record. Estimates of person characteristics are based on the person weight. Estimates of family, household, and housing unit characteristics are based on the housing unit weight. For any given geographic area, a characteristic total is estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons, households, families or housing units possessing the characteristic in the geographic area. For more information on weighting and estimation in the ACS, see the Accuracy of the Data document.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, the decennial census is the official source of population totals for April 1st of each decennial year. In between censuses, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units and the group quarters population for states and counties.

API Information :

American Community Survey (ACS) data is available via API.

For more information on available APIs, please see [Census Developers page at API Information](#).

Explanation of Symbols :

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

** The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

*** The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

***** A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate.

Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.

Suggested Citation :

U.S. Census Bureau. "Food Stamps/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)" American Community Survey, ACS 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables, Table S2201, 2024, <https://data.census.gov/table/ACSST1Y2024.S2201?q=S2201>: Accessed on March 03, 2026.