

S2413: INDUSTRY BY SEX AND MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2024 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS) FOR THE CIVILIAN EMPLOYED POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER

Universe: None

2024 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables

	Alaska							
	Median earnings (dollars)		Median earnings (dollars) for male		Median earnings (dollars) for female		Women's earnings as a percentage of men's earning	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Civilian employed population 16 years and over with earnings	52,988	±1,752	60,817	±1,851	48,604	±3,572	79.9%	±6.6
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining:	81,002	±4,541	82,365	±13,094	47,288	±33,523	57.4%	±40.2
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	46,334	±10,907	51,733	±9,101	16,767	±25,354	32.4%	±48.8
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	101,223	±13,320	101,156	±12,274	110,431	±92,382	109.2%	±92.0
Construction	61,083	±2,720	62,351	±7,887	28,061	±9,070	45.0%	±15.5
Manufacturing	46,796	±8,736	50,819	±8,412	37,122	±8,821	73.0%	±22.3
Wholesale trade	51,914	±12,626	63,184	±14,486	33,909	±12,061	53.7%	±24.0
Retail trade	33,058	±3,427	35,678	±7,261	30,532	±5,006	85.6%	±21.5
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities:	55,652	±3,876	60,278	±10,699	46,896	±13,984	77.8%	±26.1
Transportation and warehousing	52,437	±5,280	55,422	±8,416	43,458	±8,167	78.4%	±17.5
Utilities	83,664	±12,950	88,270	±5,327	67,206	±8,321	76.1%	±11.4
Information	78,750	±28,110	106,420	±49,709	43,798	±15,442	41.2%	±20.4
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing:	62,301	±11,826	56,650	±12,402	71,550	±21,434	126.3%	±45.6
Finance and insurance	82,906	±25,530	70,769	±31,979	86,322	±21,917	122.0%	±67.8
Real estate and rental and leasing	51,960	±9,426	51,398	±11,132	55,495	±26,362	108.0%	±58.9
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services:	61,205	±6,741	71,136	±11,553	51,760	±4,694	72.8%	±15.1
Professional, scientific, and technical services	73,613	±4,354	87,695	±15,306	61,577	±15,797	70.2%	±23.9
Management of companies and enterprises	66,740	±33,525	21,012	±12,591	85,097	±38,693	405.0%	±2,115.6
Administrative and support and waste management services	35,491	±7,826	41,227	±18,966	30,614	±12,123	74.3%	±40.0
Educational services, and health care and social assistance:	54,748	±3,074	67,647	±5,772	51,314	±1,816	75.9%	±6.8
Educational services	56,192	±4,499	60,779	±5,807	52,180	±7,410	85.9%	±15.3
Health care and social assistance	53,854	±3,276	77,057	±7,689	50,883	±2,632	66.0%	±7.5
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services:	29,727	±8,414	31,328	±8,638	26,128	±12,353	83.4%	±47.8
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	28,535	±12,809	22,141	±15,349	29,710	±10,775	134.2%	±89.5
Accommodation and food services	30,273	±9,619	35,360	±9,922	23,168	±14,658	65.5%	±57.8
Other services, except public administration	50,321	±10,425	51,306	±22,327	50,178	±12,624	97.8%	±47.6
Public administration	71,265	±3,731	77,163	±6,723	66,015	±6,684	85.6%	±10.9

Source :

U.S. Census Bureau, 2024 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates

Dataset Universe :

The dataset universe of the American Community Survey (ACS) is the U.S. resident population and housing. For more information about ACS residence rules, see the ACS Design and Methodology Report. Note that each table describes the specific universe of interest for that set of estimates.

Unit(s) of Observation :

American Community Survey (ACS) data are collected from individuals living in housing units and group quarters, and about housing units whether occupied or vacant. For more information about ACS sampling and data collection, see the ACS Design and Methodology Report.

Geography Coverage :

ACS data generally reflect the geographic boundaries of legal and statistical areas as of January 1 of the estimate year. For more information, see [Geography Boundaries by Year](#).

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on 2020 Census data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Sampling :

The ACS consists of two separate samples: housing unit addresses and group quarters facilities. Independent housing unit address samples are selected for each county or county-equivalent in the U.S. and Puerto Rico, with sampling rates depending on a measure of size for the area. For more information on sampling in the ACS, see the [Accuracy of the Data](#) document.

Confidentiality :

The Census Bureau has modified or suppressed some estimates in ACS data products to protect respondents' confidentiality. Title 13 United States Code, Section 9, prohibits the Census Bureau from publishing results in which an individual's data can be identified. For more information on confidentiality protection in the ACS, see the [Accuracy of the Data](#) document.

Technical Documentation/Methodology:

Information about the American Community Survey (ACS) can be found on the ACS website. Supporting documentation including code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing, and a full list of ACS tables and table shells (without estimates) can be found on the Technical Documentation section of the ACS website.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Users must consider potential differences in geographic boundaries, questionnaire content or coding, or other methodological issues when comparing ACS data from different years. Statistically significant differences shown in ACS Comparison Profiles, or in data users' own analysis, may be the result of these differences and thus might not necessarily reflect changes to the social, economic, housing, or demographic characteristics being compared. For more information, see [Comparing ACS Data](#).

Weights :

ACS estimates are obtained from a raking ratio estimation procedure that results in the assignment of two sets of weights: a weight to each sample person record and a weight to each sample housing unit record. Estimates of person characteristics are based on the person weight. Estimates of family, household, and housing unit characteristics are based on the housing unit weight. For any given geographic area, a characteristic total is estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons, households, families or housing units possessing the characteristic in the geographic area. For more information on weighting and estimation in the ACS, see the [Accuracy of the Data](#) document.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, the decennial census is the official source of population totals for April 1st of each decennial year. In between censuses, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units and the group quarters population for states and counties.

API Information :

American Community Survey (ACS) data is available via API.

For more information on available APIs, please see [Census Developers page at API Information](#).

Explanation of Symbols :

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

** The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

*** The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

***** A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate.

Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.

Suggested Citation :

U.S. Census Bureau. "Industry by Sex and Median Earnings in the Past 12 Months (in 2024 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars) for the Civilian Employed Population 16 Years and Over" American Community Survey, ACS 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables, Table S2413, 2024, <https://data.census.gov/table/ACSST1Y2024.S2413?q=S2413>: Accessed on March 03, 2026.