

**S2701: SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE**

Universe: American Community Survey

2024 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables

	Alaska									
	Total		Insured		Percent Insured		Uninsured		Percent Uninsured	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Civilian noninstitutionalized population	705,677	±2,573	628,145	±6,353	89.0%	±0.8	77,532	±5,736	11.0%	±0.8
AGE										
Under 6 years	53,225	±2,433	49,681	±2,571	93.3%	±2.3	3,544	±1,232	6.7%	±2.3
6 to 18 years	128,980	±2,938	116,568	±3,397	90.4%	±1.7	12,412	±2,216	9.6%	±1.7
19 to 25 years	57,947	±3,094	47,357	±2,965	81.7%	±2.9	10,590	±1,770	18.3%	±2.9
26 to 34 years	92,060	±3,164	74,845	±3,193	81.3%	±2.5	17,215	±2,427	18.7%	±2.5
35 to 44 years	102,277	±2,307	87,367	±2,961	85.4%	±2.2	14,910	±2,314	14.6%	±2.2
45 to 54 years	80,597	±2,117	71,073	±2,161	88.2%	±1.6	9,524	±1,355	11.8%	±1.6
55 to 64 years	82,763	±1,948	74,741	±2,086	90.3%	±1.6	8,022	±1,381	9.7%	±1.6
65 to 74 years	69,989	±1,574	68,756	±1,662	98.2%	±0.6	1,233	±445	1.8%	±0.6
75 years and older	37,839	±1,194	37,757	±1,190	99.8%	±0.2	82	±77	0.2%	±0.2
Under 19 years	182,205	±1,559	166,249	±3,461	91.2%	±1.5	15,956	±2,745	8.8%	±1.5
19 to 64 years	415,644	±3,263	355,383	±5,192	85.5%	±1.0	60,261	±4,308	14.5%	±1.0
65 years and older	107,828	±1,497	106,513	±1,641	98.8%	±0.4	1,315	±451	1.2%	±0.4
SEX										
Male	360,761	±3,299	318,119	±5,501	88.2%	±1.1	42,642	±4,016	11.8%	±1.1
Female	344,916	±2,821	310,026	±4,391	89.9%	±1.0	34,890	±3,457	10.1%	±1.0
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN										
White alone	413,236	±3,541	378,704	±4,956	91.6%	±1.0	34,532	±4,014	8.4%	±1.0
Black or African American alone	15,233	±3,526	12,443	±2,898	81.7%	±9.2	2,790	±1,647	18.3%	±9.2
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	101,874	±4,346	84,017	±4,284	82.5%	±2.0	17,857	±2,147	17.5%	±2.0
Asian alone	42,953	±2,961	37,550	±3,287	87.4%	±3.4	5,403	±1,395	12.6%	±3.4
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	11,917	±1,242	11,043	±1,285	92.7%	±4.3	874	±518	7.3%	±4.3
Some other race alone	14,290	±2,895	12,598	±2,769	88.2%	±5.4	1,692	±795	11.8%	±5.4
Two or more races	106,174	±6,027	91,790	±5,904	86.5%	±2.7	14,384	±2,993	13.5%	±2.7
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	51,917	±1,168	44,665	±2,302	86.0%	±4.3	7,252	±2,288	14.0%	±4.3
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	401,841	±3,201	368,510	±4,721	91.7%	±1.0	33,331	±3,970	8.3%	±1.0
LIVING ARRANGEMENTS										
In family households	571,100	±6,540	514,343	±8,469	90.1%	±1.0	56,757	±5,464	9.9%	±1.0
In married couple families	427,942	±11,388	394,839	±11,025	92.3%	±0.9	33,103	±4,050	7.7%	±0.9
In other families	143,158	±10,099	119,504	±9,490	83.5%	±2.5	23,654	±3,762	16.5%	±2.5
Male reference person, no spouse present	52,228	±7,468	44,076	±6,881	84.4%	±4.4	8,152	±2,513	15.6%	±4.4
Female reference person, no spouse present	90,930	±7,475	75,428	±6,575	83.0%	±3.1	15,502	±3,148	17.0%	±3.1
In non-family households and other living arrangements	134,577	±6,344	113,802	±5,664	84.6%	±1.7	20,775	±2,548	15.4%	±1.7
NATIVITY AND U.S. CITIZENSHIP STATUS										
Native born	650,430	±5,087	579,822	±7,226	89.1%	±0.9	70,608	±5,765	10.9%	±0.9

Foreign born	55,247	±4,847	48,323	±4,559	87.5%	±2.5	6,924	±1,484	12.5%	±2.5
Naturalized	34,123	±3,957	31,413	±3,890	92.1%	±2.8	2,710	±959	7.9%	±2.8
Not a citizen	21,124	±3,144	16,910	±2,786	80.1%	±5.6	4,214	±1,332	19.9%	±5.6
<b>DISABILITY STATUS</b>										
With a disability	102,558	±5,285	94,879	±4,999	92.5%	±1.6	7,679	±1,733	7.5%	±1.6
No disability	603,119	±5,991	533,266	±7,932	88.4%	±0.9	69,853	±5,495	11.6%	±0.9
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 26 years and over	465,525	±3,323	414,539	±4,427	89.0%	±0.8	50,986	±3,801	11.0%	±0.8
Less than high school graduate	30,991	±2,536	24,978	±2,505	80.6%	±3.9	6,013	±1,239	19.4%	±3.9
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	132,933	±5,547	111,276	±5,365	83.7%	±1.9	21,657	±2,637	16.3%	±1.9
Some college or associate's degree	149,018	±6,235	132,566	±5,858	89.0%	±1.6	16,452	±2,506	11.0%	±1.6
Bachelor's degree or higher	152,583	±5,249	145,719	±5,405	95.5%	±1.0	6,864	±1,534	4.5%	±1.0
<b>EMPLOYMENT STATUS</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 19 to 64 years	415,644	±3,263	355,383	±5,192	85.5%	±1.0	60,261	±4,308	14.5%	±1.0
In labor force	330,347	±4,738	283,076	±5,664	85.7%	±1.3	47,271	±4,221	14.3%	±1.3
Employed	310,680	±5,341	269,018	±5,937	86.6%	±1.2	41,662	±3,928	13.4%	±1.2
Unemployed	19,667	±2,276	14,058	±2,134	71.5%	±6.1	5,609	±1,292	28.5%	±6.1
Not in labor force	85,297	±4,515	72,307	±4,249	84.8%	±2.1	12,990	±1,868	15.2%	±2.1
<b>WORK EXPERIENCE</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 19 to 64 years	415,644	±3,263	355,383	±5,192	85.5%	±1.0	60,261	±4,308	14.5%	±1.0
Worked full-time, year round in the past 12 months	211,031	±6,145	185,988	±6,361	88.1%	±1.4	25,043	±2,963	11.9%	±1.4
Worked less than full-time, year round in the past 12 months	128,109	±5,715	104,698	±5,579	81.7%	±1.9	23,411	±2,531	18.3%	±1.9
Did not work	76,504	±4,549	64,697	±4,357	84.6%	±2.0	11,807	±1,594	15.4%	±2.0
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME (IN 2024 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)</b>										
Total household population	687,410	±2,573	614,567	±6,277	89.4%	±0.8	72,843	±5,663	10.6%	±0.8
Under \$25,000	50,279	±5,684	43,466	±5,187	86.4%	±3.1	6,813	±1,688	13.6%	±3.1
\$25,000 to \$49,999	71,293	±7,802	59,678	±6,500	83.7%	±3.0	11,615	±2,661	16.3%	±3.0
\$50,000 to \$74,999	87,265	±7,675	75,100	±6,878	86.1%	±2.3	12,165	±2,314	13.9%	±2.3
\$75,000 to \$99,999	87,834	±6,923	76,905	±6,226	87.6%	±2.5	10,929	±2,412	12.4%	±2.5
\$100,000 and over	390,739	±11,472	359,418	±10,559	92.0%	±1.1	31,321	±4,715	8.0%	±1.1
<b>RATIO OF INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized population for whom poverty status is determined	700,731	±2,895	624,105	±6,374	89.1%	±0.8	76,626	±5,735	10.9%	±0.8
Below 138 percent of the poverty threshold	105,900	±7,755	90,344	±7,690	85.3%	±2.4	15,556	±2,534	14.7%	±2.4
138 to 399 percent of the poverty threshold	269,925	±10,188	230,083	±9,640	85.2%	±1.4	39,842	±4,102	14.8%	±1.4
At or above 400 percent of the poverty threshold	324,906	±9,877	303,678	±9,986	93.5%	±1.0	21,228	±3,393	6.5%	±1.0
Below 100 percent of the poverty threshold	73,137	±6,788	61,498	±6,370	84.1%	±2.7	11,639	±2,036	15.9%	±2.7

Source :

U.S. Census Bureau, 2024 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates

Dataset Universe :

The dataset universe of the American Community Survey (ACS) is the U.S. resident population and housing. For more information about ACS residence rules, see the ACS Design and Methodology Report. Note that each table describes the specific universe of interest for that set of estimates.

Unit(s) of Observation :

American Community Survey (ACS) data are collected from individuals living in housing units and group quarters, and about housing units whether occupied or vacant. For more information about ACS sampling and data collection, see the ACS Design and Methodology Report.

Geography Coverage :

ACS data generally reflect the geographic boundaries of legal and statistical areas as of January 1 of the estimate year. For more information, see [Geography Boundaries by Year](#).

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on 2020 Census data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Sampling :

The ACS consists of two separate samples: housing unit addresses and group quarters facilities. Independent housing unit address samples are selected for each county or county-equivalent in the U.S. and Puerto Rico, with sampling rates depending on a measure of size for the area. For more information on sampling in the ACS, see the [Accuracy of the Data](#) document.

Confidentiality :

The Census Bureau has modified or suppressed some estimates in ACS data products to protect respondents' confidentiality. Title 13 United States Code, Section 9, prohibits the Census Bureau from publishing results in which an individual's data can be identified. For more information on confidentiality protection in the ACS, see the [Accuracy of the Data](#) document.

Technical Documentation/Methodology:

Information about the American Community Survey (ACS) can be found on the ACS website. Supporting documentation including code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing, and a full list of ACS tables and table shells (without estimates) can be found on the Technical Documentation section of the ACS website.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Users must consider potential differences in geographic boundaries, questionnaire content or coding, or other methodological issues when comparing ACS data from different years. Statistically significant differences shown in ACS Comparison Profiles, or in data users' own analysis, may be the result of these differences and thus might not necessarily reflect changes to the social, economic, housing, or demographic characteristics being compared. For more information, see [Comparing ACS Data](#).

Weights :

ACS estimates are obtained from a raking ratio estimation procedure that results in the assignment of two sets of weights: a weight to each sample person record and a weight to each sample housing unit record.

Estimates of person characteristics are based on the person weight. Estimates of family, household, and housing unit characteristics are based on the housing unit weight. For any given geographic area, a characteristic total is estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons, households, families or housing units possessing the characteristic in the geographic area. For more information on weighting and estimation in the ACS, see the [Accuracy of the Data](#) document.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, the decennial census is the official source of population totals for April 1st of each decennial year. In between censuses, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units and the group quarters population for states and counties.

API Information :

American Community Survey (ACS) data is available via API.

For more information on available APIs, please see [Census Developers](#) page at [API Information](#).

Explanation of Symbols :

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

\*\* The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

\*\*\* The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

\*\*\*\*\* A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate.

Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.

Suggested Citation :

U.S. Census Bureau. "Selected Characteristics of Health Insurance Coverage in the United States" American Community Survey, ACS 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables, Table S2701, 2024,

<https://data.census.gov/table/ACSST1Y2024.S2701?q=S2701>: Accessed on March 03, 2026.